DIVERSIFY YOUR YOUR PORTFOLIO

The key to reducing risk.



1. Diversify Across Asset Classes

- Equities (Stocks): Growth potential but higher risk.
- Bonds (Fixed Income): More stable, provides regular income.
- Commodities: Hedge against inflation (gold, oil, etc.).
- Real Estate: Provides steady rental income and capital appreciation.
- Cash & Cash Equivalents: Highly liquid, used for emergency funds.





2. Diversify Within Asset Classes

- Stocks: Invest across different sectors (IT, healthcare, finance, energy, etc.).
- Bonds: Mix of government, corporate, and high-yield bonds.
- Geographical Diversification: Invest in domestic and international markets to avoid country-specific risks.





3. Use Different Investment Styles

- Growth Stocks: High potential but volatile.
- Value Stocks: Stable, often undervalued with strong fundamentals.
- Dividend Stocks: Provide steady income, less volatile.
- Small, Mid, and Large Caps:
 Balance between stability and high growth potential.





4. Consider Passive & Active Investing

- Index Funds & ETFs: Low-cost, broad market exposure.
- Mutual Funds: Professionally managed, but with fees.
- Direct Stock Picking: Requires research and active management.





5. Monitor & Rebalance Your Portfolio

- Review Performance Regularly: Ensure your allocation aligns with risk tolerance.
- Rebalancing: If one asset class grows too much, sell some and buy others to maintain balance.





